

World Megacities, 2011



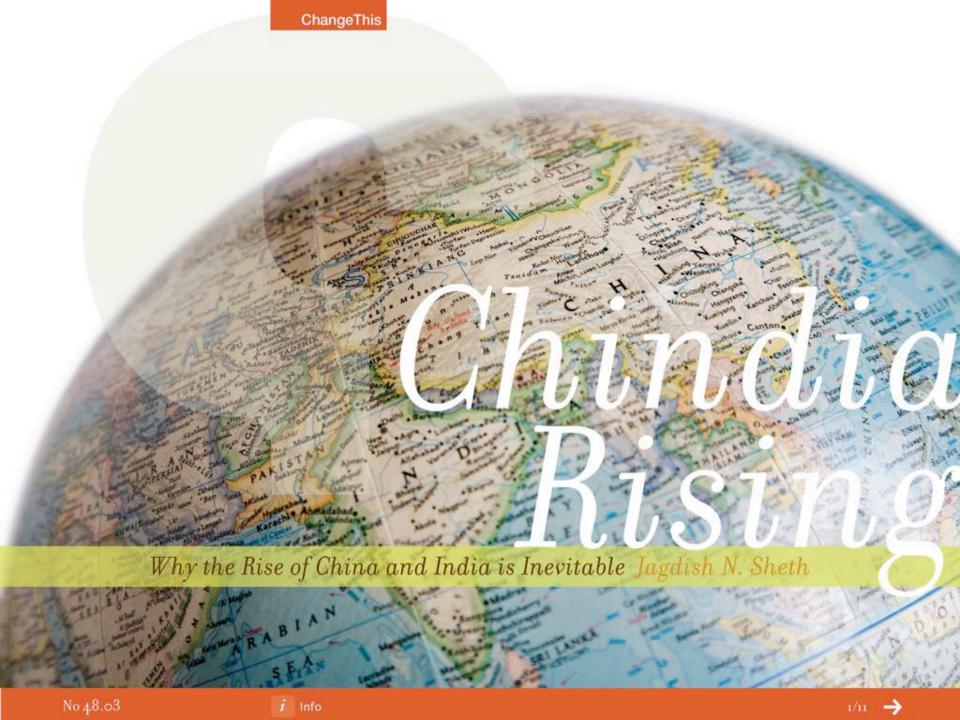
Source: Th. Brinkhoff: The Principal Agglomerations of the World, 2011-01-01









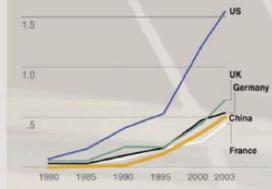


China's Rise

Stock of Inward Foreign Direct Investment, 1980-2003

China has risen from negligible in 1980 to a 6-percent share. . . could be in second place by 2020.

Trillion US \$
2.0

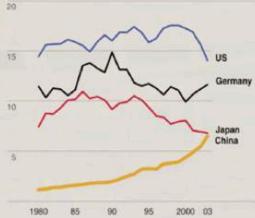


Source: UN. World Investment Report 2004.

Share of World's Exports, 1980-2003

It should also overtake Japan in trade . . .

Percent



Source: Global Insight.

Share of World Manufacturing, 1980-2003

It could easily surpass Japan in a few years.

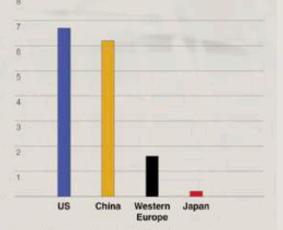
78/cent 35 30 US 25 20 US 20 15 Japan China Germany 5

Source: Global Insight.

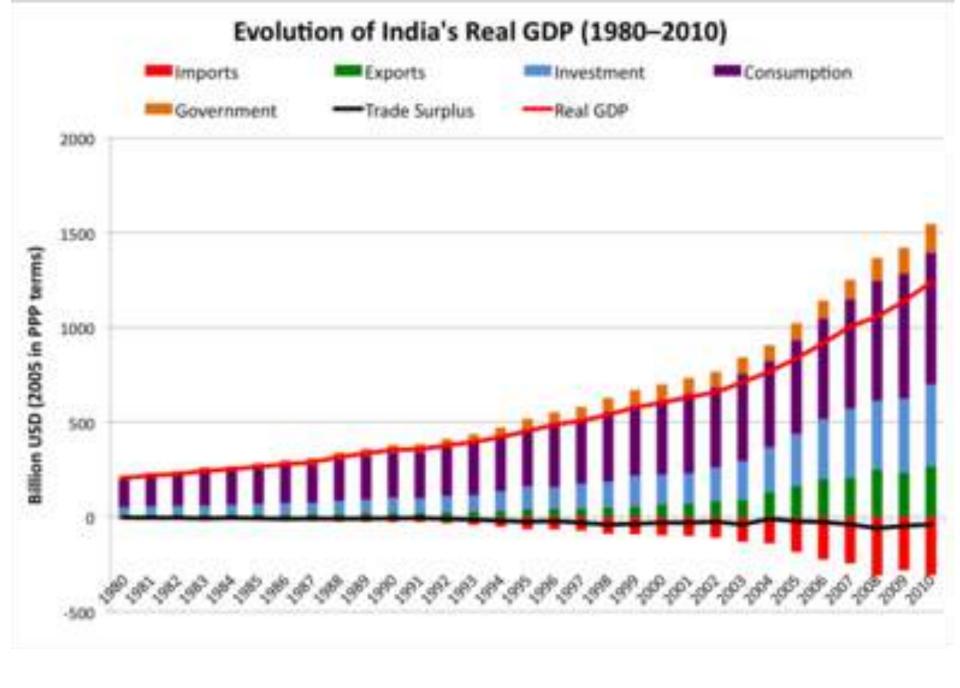
Growth in Demand for Oil, 2000-2020

... and nearly match the US as a dominant driver of additional oil demand.

Million barrels/day



Source: US Energy Information Administration,











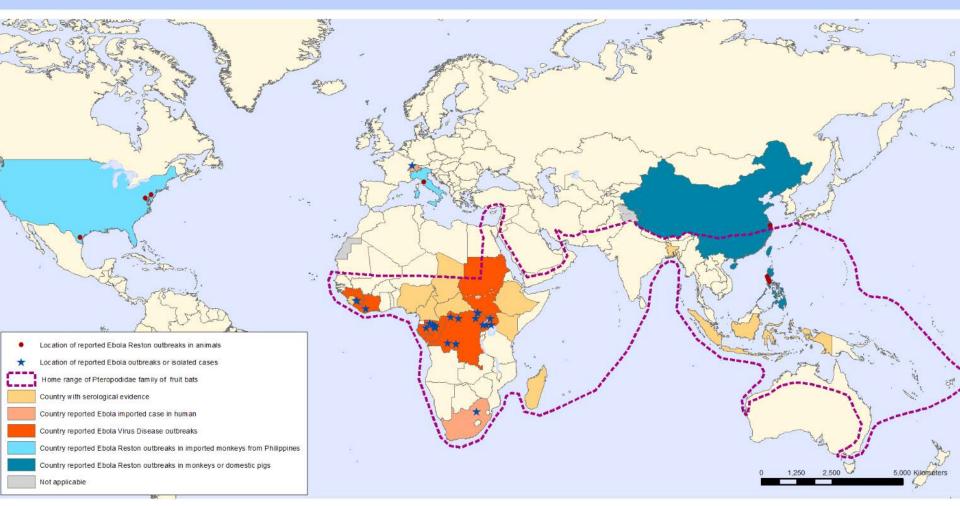


Refugee camp > Somalia



Epidemie?

Geographic distribution of Ebola virus disease outbreaks in humans and animals



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the World Health Organization concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries. Dotted and dashed lines on maps represent approximate border lines for which there may not yet be full agreement.

Data Source: World Health Organization Map Production: Health Statistics and Information Systems (HSI) World Health Organization



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ww.oecd.org/els/mig/World-Migration-in-Figures.pdf

(65%), while the migrant population in the global South grew by around 24 million (34%). Today, about six out of every ten international migrants reside in the developed regions (Table 1).

Table 1. International migrant stock (millions)

Aktuelles Cover.zip

	1990	2000	2010	2013
World	154.2	174.5	220.7	231.5
Developed regions	82.3	103.4	129.7	135.6
Developing regions	71.9	71.1	91	95.9
Africa	15.6	15.6	17.1	18.6
Asia	49.9	50.4	67.8	70.8
Europe	49	56.2	69.2	72.4
Latin America and the Caribbean	7.1	6.5	8.1	8.5
Northern America	27.8	40.4	51.2	53.1
Oceania	4.7	5.4	7.3	7.9

Source: United Nations (2013), Trends in International Migrant Stock: The 2013 Revision.

During the period 2000-10, the global migrant stock grew twice as fast than during the previous decade. During the 1990s, the global migrant stock grew at an average of about 2 million migrants per year. During the decade 2000-10, the

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OECD

2013 statistics [edit]

Airports Council International's full-year figures are as follows. [2]

Rank 	Airport ♦	Location \$	Code (IATA/ICAO) ◆	Total passengers +	Rank Change	% Change
1.	Hartsfield-Jackson Atlanta International Airport	Atlanta, Georgia, United States	ATL/KATL	94,430,785	_	▼1.1%
2.	Beijing Capital International Airport	Chaoyang, Beijing, China	PEK/ZBAA	83,712,355	-	▲2.2%
3.	Heathrow Airport	Hillingdon, London, United Kingdom	LHR/EGLL	72,368,030	_	▲3.3%
4.	Tokyo International Airport	Ōta, Tokyo, Japan	HND/RJTT	68,906,636	-	▲3.3%
5.	O'Hare International Airport	Chicago, Illinois, United States	ORD/KORD	66,883,271	_	▼0.1%
6.	Los Angeles International Airport	Los Angeles, California, United States	LAX/KLAX	66,702,252	-	▲4.7%
7.	Dubai International Airport	Garhoud, Dubai, United Arab Emirates	DXB/OMDB	66,431,533	▲3	▲15.2%
8.	Paris Charles de Gaulle Airport	Roissy-en-France, Île-de-France, France	CDG/LFPG	62,052,917	▼1	▲0.7%
9.	Dallas-Fort Worth International Airport	Dallas-Fort Worth, Texas, United States	DFW/KDFW	60,436,266	▼1	▲3.2%
10.	Soekarno-Hatta International Airport	Cengkareng, Tangerang, Banten, Indonesia	CGK/WIII	59,701,543	▼1	▲3.4%
11.	Hong Kong International Airport	Chek Lap Kok, Hong Kong, China	HKG/VHHH	59,609,414	▲1	▲6.3%
12.	Frankfurt Airport	Frankfurt, Hesse, Germany	FRA/EDDF	58,036,948	▼1	▲0.9%
13.	Singapore Changi Airport	Changi, Singapore	SIN/WSSS	53,726,087	▲2	▲5.0%
14.	Amsterdam Schiphol Airport	Haarlemmermeer, North Holland, Netherlands	AMS/EHAM	52,569,250	▲2	▲3.0%
15.	Denver International Airport	Denver, Colorado, United States	DEN/KDEN	52,556,359	▼ 2	▼1.1%
16.	Guangzhou Baiyun International Airport	Huadu, Guangzhou, Guangdong, China	CAN/ZGGG	52,450,262	▲ 2	▲8.6%
17.	Suvarnabhumi Airport	Bang Phli, Samut Prakan, Thailand	BKK/VTBS	51,363,451	▼ 3	▼3.1%
18.	Atatürk International Airport	Istanbul, Turkey	IST/LTBA	51,172,626	▲ 2	▲13.6%
19.	John F. Kennedy International Airport	Queens, New York City, New York, United States	JFK/KJFK	50,413,204	▼ 2	▲2.3%
20.	Kuala Lumpur International Airport	Sepang, Selangor, Malaysia	KUL/WMKK	47,498,157	▲ 7	▲19.1%
21.	Shanghai Pudong International Airport	Pudong, Shanghai, China	PVG/ZSPD	47,189,849	-	▲5.2%
22.	San Francisco International Airport	San Mateo County, California, United States	SFO/KSFO	44,944,201	-	▲1.2%
23.	Charlotte Douglas International Airport	Charlotte, North Carolina, United States	CLT/KCLT	43,456,310	▲1	▲5.4%



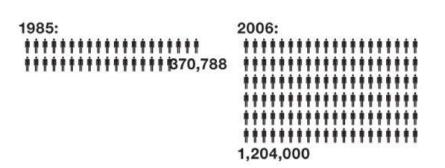
Migration













Population

1,600,000 (2008) – set to increase to 3.5 million by 2010

94 % expatriates – from over 200 nations

Language

Arabic and English – Hindi, Urdu, and most European languages also widely used

Religion

Muslim, Hindu and Christian, various others

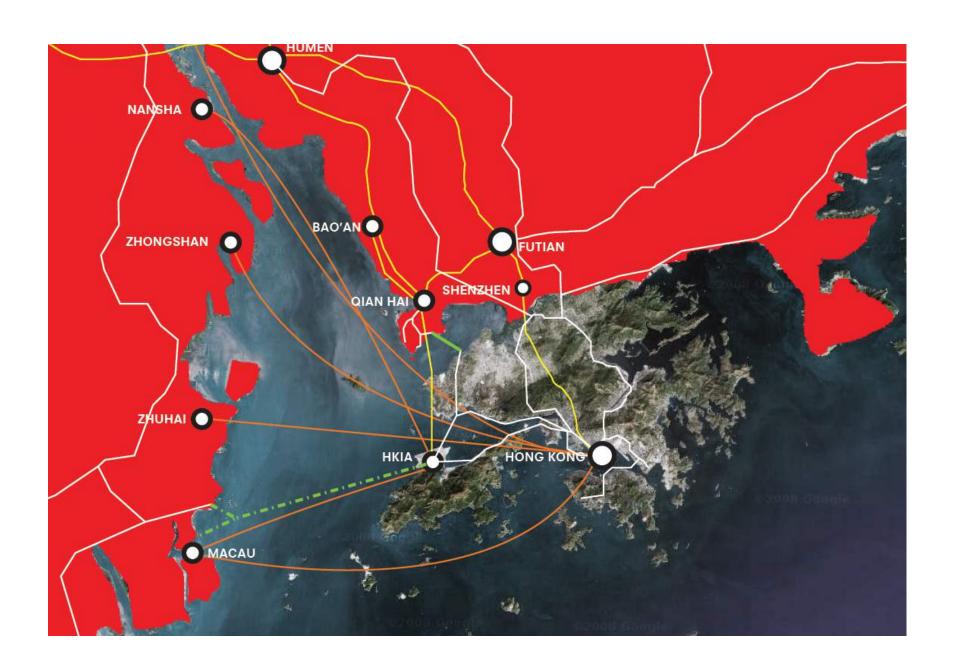
















Segregation











Surveillance/Security









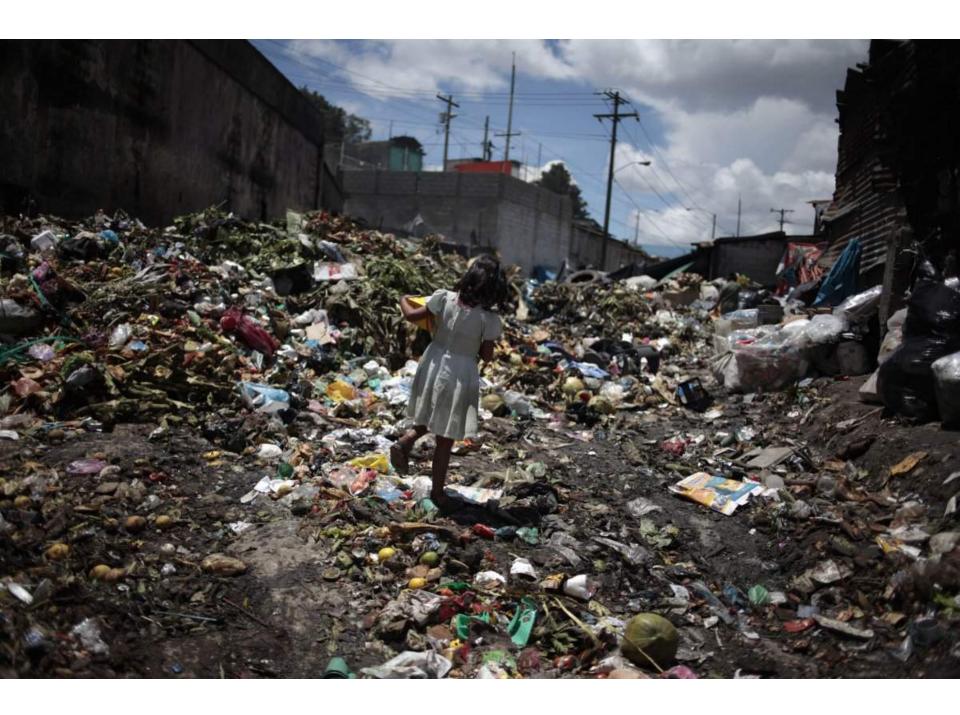
Pollution











Ghost cities







Gap between Systems









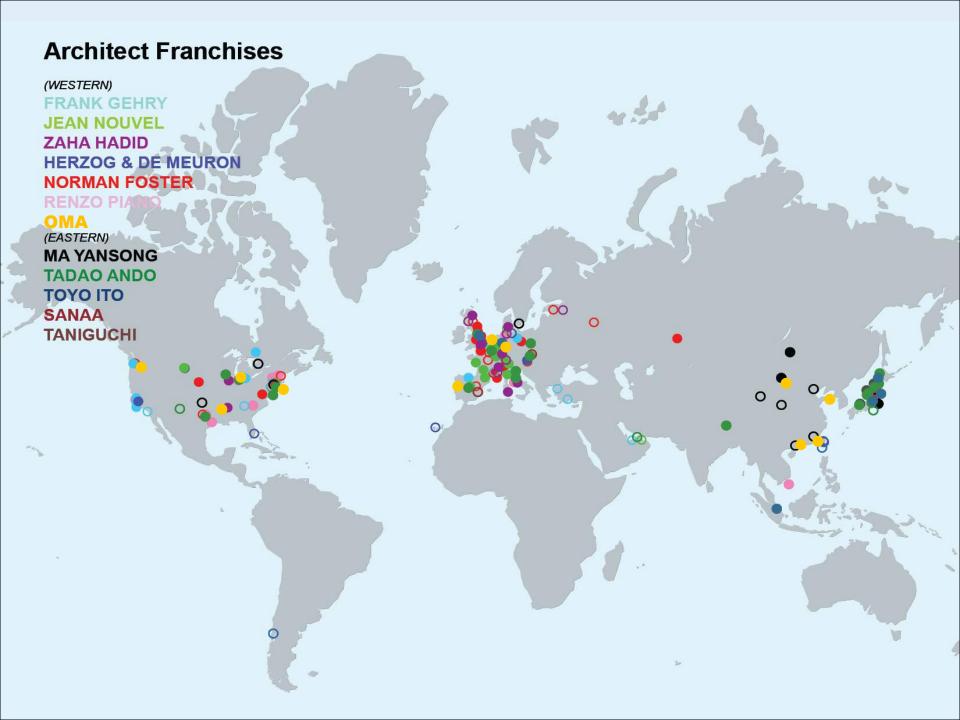








Identity?





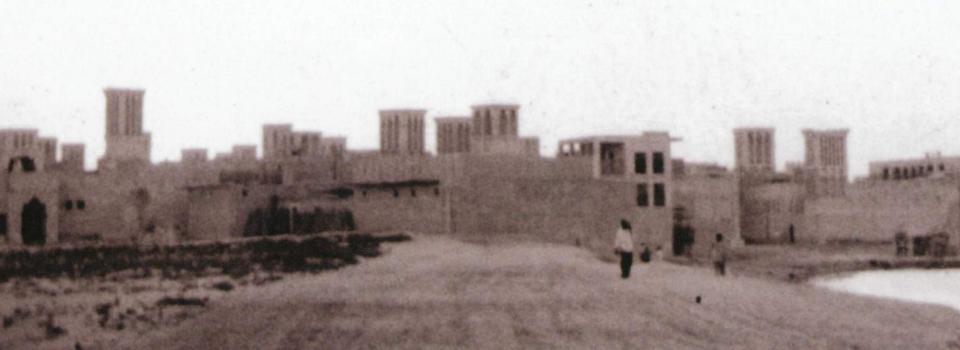


WHAT IS PUBLIC SPACE? What is the city but the people? William Shakespeare, Coriolanus

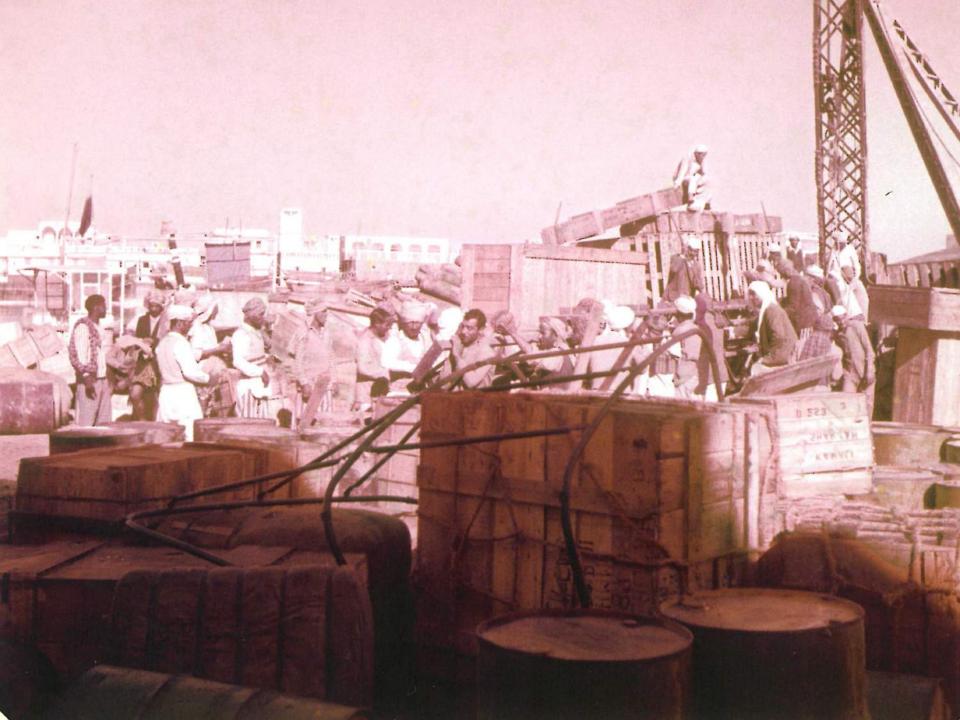


















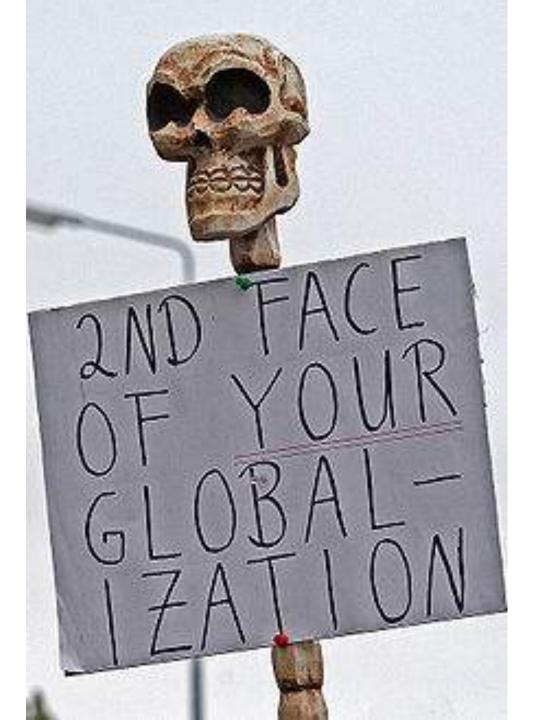














Solutions?



Quality of Life Survey

Monocle is a global affairs and lifestyle magazine, 24-hour radio station, website, and media brand. Described as a "meeting between Foreign Policy and Vanity Fair", the magazine provides a globalist perspective on international affairs, business, culture, design, and fashion.

Monocle Quality of Life Survey

RANKING:

- 1 Copenhagen
- 2 Munich
- 3 Tokyo
- 4 Zürich
- 5 Helsinki
- 6 Vienna
- 7 Stockholm
- 8 Vancouver
- 9 Melbourne
- 10 Paris









Monocle Quality of Life Survey

KEY CATEGORIES:

- _development in architecture
- _design
- _gourmet food
- _public transportation
- _bicycle culture
- _harbour baths
- _green public spaces
- _trendy cafes



selection of the most livable cities

The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development is an international economic organisation of 34 countries founded in 1961 to stimulate economic progress and world trade. It is a forum of countries committed to democracy and the market economy, providing a platform to compare policy experiences, seek answers to common problems, identify good practices and coordinate domestic and international policies of its members.

OECD selection of the most livable cities

RANKING:

1 Canberra

Sydney

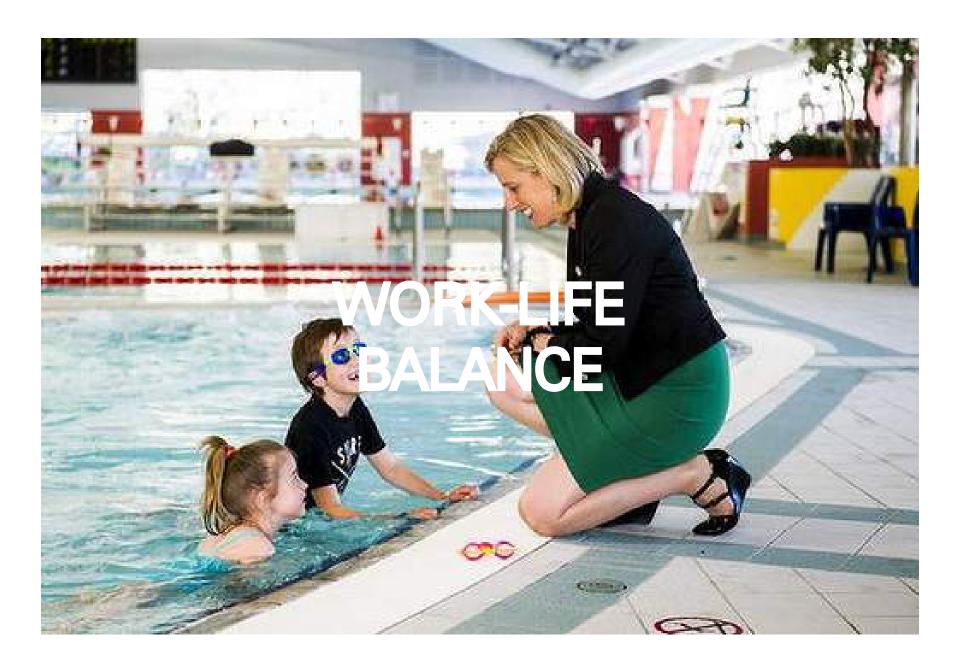
Melbourne

Perth

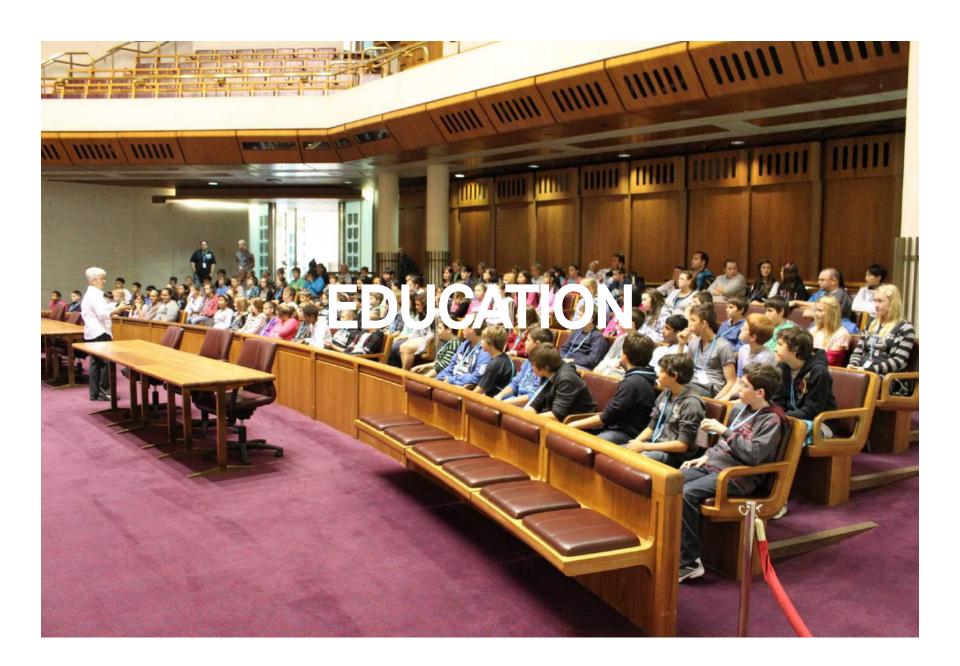
New Hampshire

Minnesota









OECD selection of the most livable cities

KEY CATEGORIES:

- _housing
- _income
- _jobs
- _community
- _education
- _environment
- _civic engagement
- _health
- _life satisfaction
- _safety
- _work-life balance

The Economist

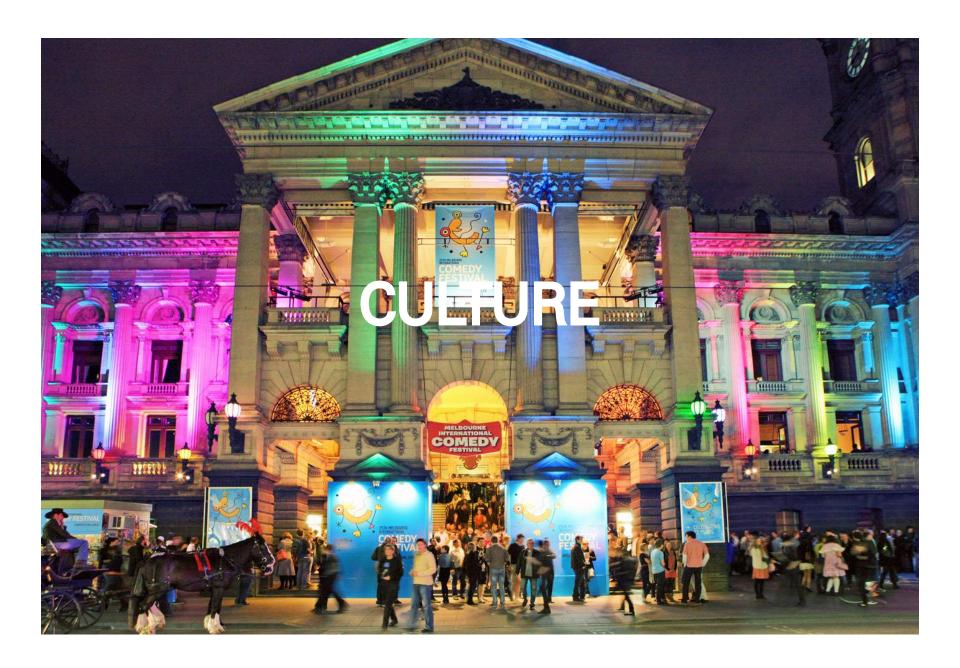
the Liveability Ranking

The Economist is an English-language weekly newspaper.
The Economist claims that it "is not a chronicle of economics".
Rather, it aims "to take part in a severe contest between intelligence, which presses forward, and an unworthy, timid ignorance obstructing our progress". It takes an editorial stance of classical liberalism and economic liberalism which is supportive of free trade, globalisation, free immigration and cultural liberalism.

THE ECONOMIST the Liveability Ranking

RANKING:

- 1 Melbourne
- 2 Vienna
- 3 Vancouver
- 4 Toronto
- 5 Adelaide
- 6 Calgary
- 7 Sydney
- 8 Helsinky
- 9 Perth
- 10 Auckland







THE ECONOMIST the Liveability Ranking

KEY CATEGORIES:

- _healthcare
- _culture
- _environment
- _education
- _infrastructure



Quality of Living ranking

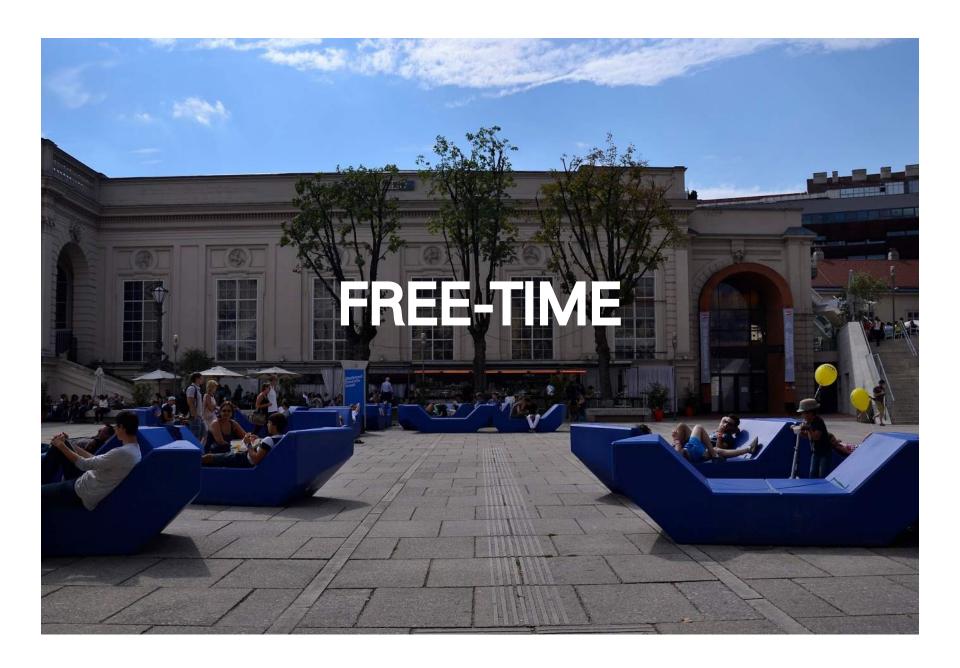
Mercer is an American global human resource and related financial services consulting firm, headquartered in New York City. Mercer is one of the largest consulting firms in the world, based in more than 40 countries, and operating internationally in more than 130 countries with more than 20,500 employees. Mercer is a subsidiary of Marsh & McLennan Companies.

MERCER Quality of Living ranking

RANKING:

- 1 Vienna
- 2 Zurich
- 3 Auckland
- 4 Munich
- 5 Vancouver









MERCER Quality of Living ranking

KEY CATEGORIES:

- _Cosumer good
- _ Economic environment
- _ Housing
- _Medical and health consideration
- _Natural environment
- _ political and social environment
- _ Public services and transport
- _recreation
- _Schools and education
- _Socio cultural environment



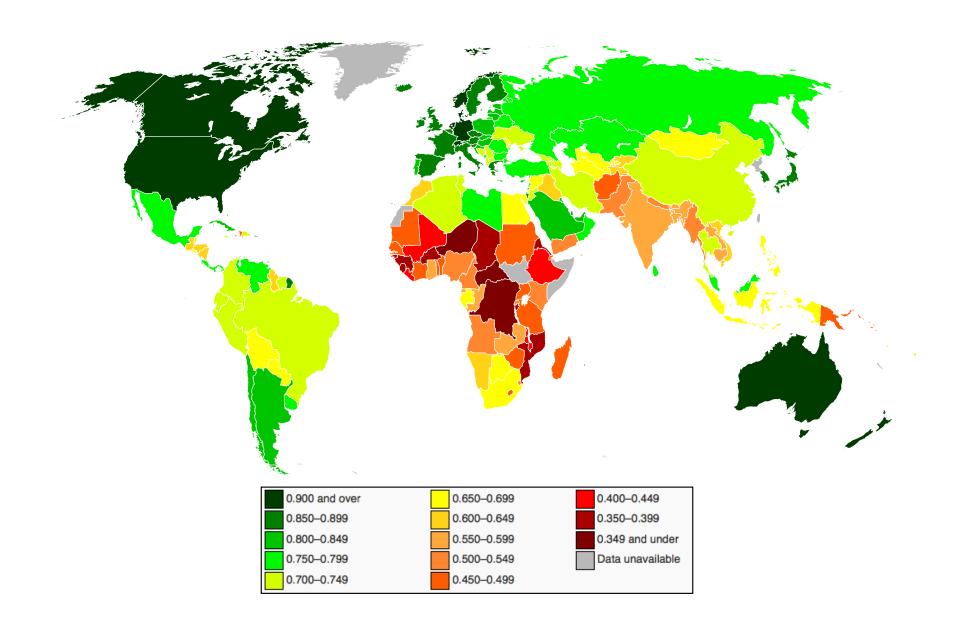
Human Development Index

The Human Development Index (HDI) is a comparative measure of life expectancy, literacy, education, standards of living, and quality of life for countries worldwide. It is a standard means of measuring well-being, especially child welfare. It is used to distinguish whether the country is a developed, a developing or an underdeveloped country, and also to measure the impact of economic policies on quality of life.

Human Development Index

KEY CATEGORIES:

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_A long and healthy life:
Life expectancy at birth
_ Education index:
Mean years of schooling and
Expected years of schooling
_ A decent standard of living:
GNI per capita (PPP US$)
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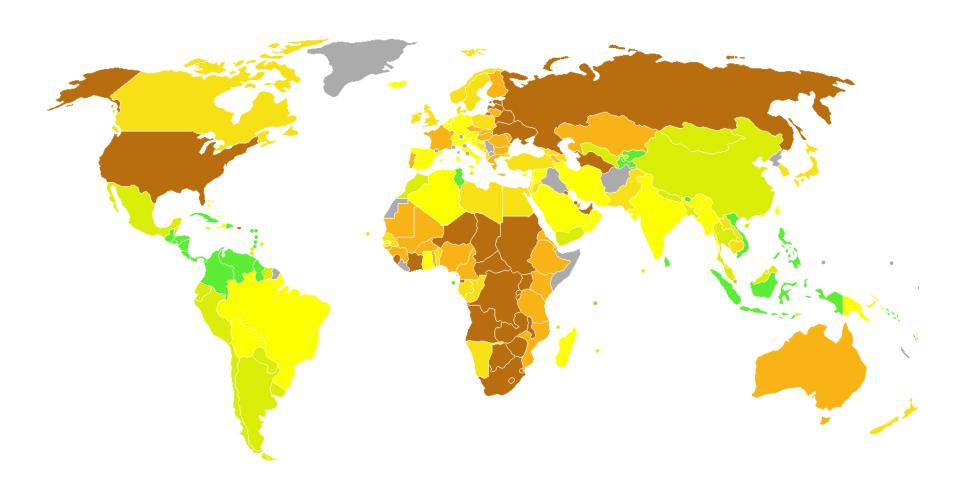


The Happy Planet Index (HPI) is an index of human well-being and environmental impact that was introduced by the New Economics Foundation in July 2006. The index is weighted to give progressively higher scores to nations with lower ecological footprints. The index is designed to challenge well-established indices of countries' development, such as Gross Domestic Product (GDP) and the Human Development Index (HDI), which are seen as not taking sustainability into account.

Happy Planet Index

KEY CATEGORIES:

- _subjective life satisfaction
- _ life expectancy at birth
- _ ecological footprint per capita



Map showing countries shaded by their position in the Happy Planet Index. The highest-ranked countries are bright green; the lowest are brown.

Citybrand





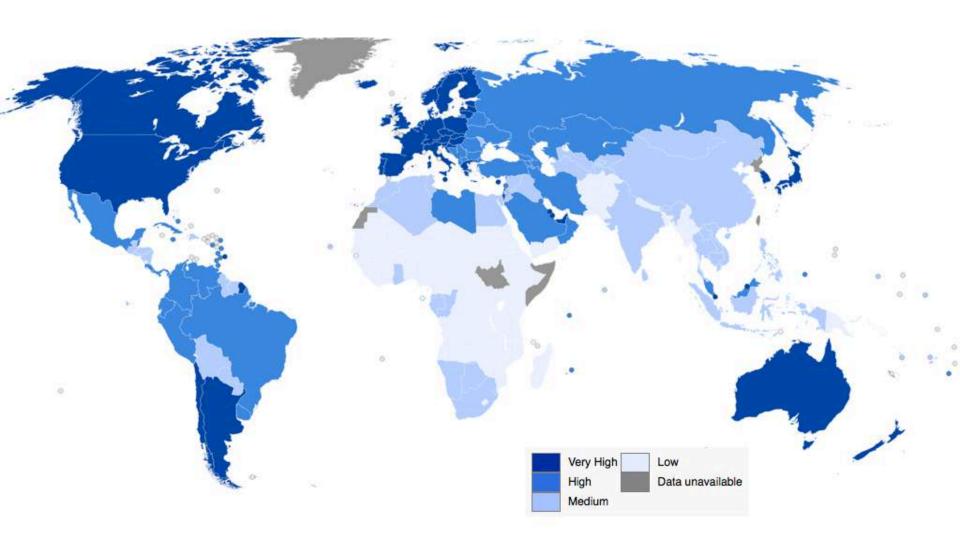


HOT. COOL. YOURS.



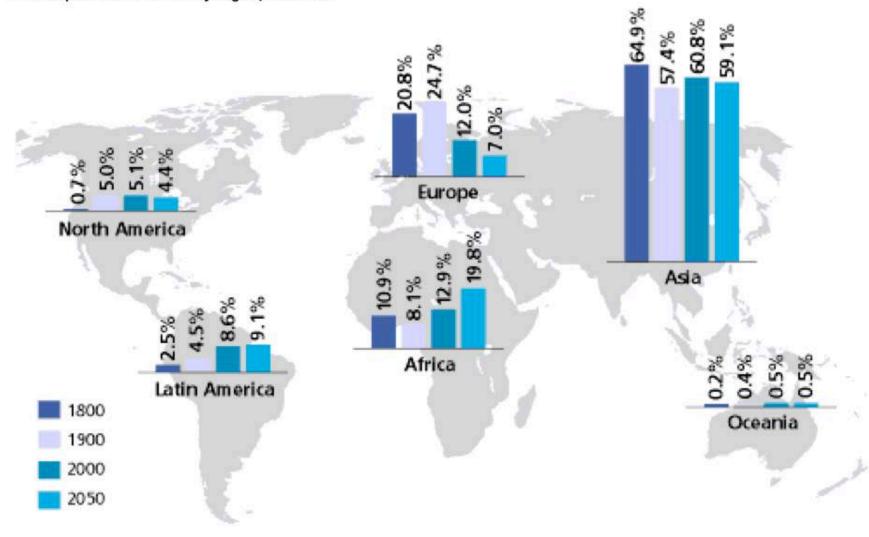


Responsibility?



2011 Very High HDI nations, by population size	
Europe	489.0
N. America	325.0
Asia	205.1
S. America	58
Oceania	25.8

World Population Distribution by Region, 1800-2050



Source: DESA

